













Photographs in these education materials are subject to copyright and have been provided by Murdoch University Black Cockatoo Conservation **Management Project**













This is a Carnaby's Cockatoo

A Noongar name **Ngoolark**

Scientific name **Zanda latirostris**















Habitat

• All animals need habitat to survive.

• What is habitat?

 What does habitat provide











Habitat

• Habitat is the natural home of an animal.

- Habitat provides:
 - Food,
 - Water, and
 - Shelter.





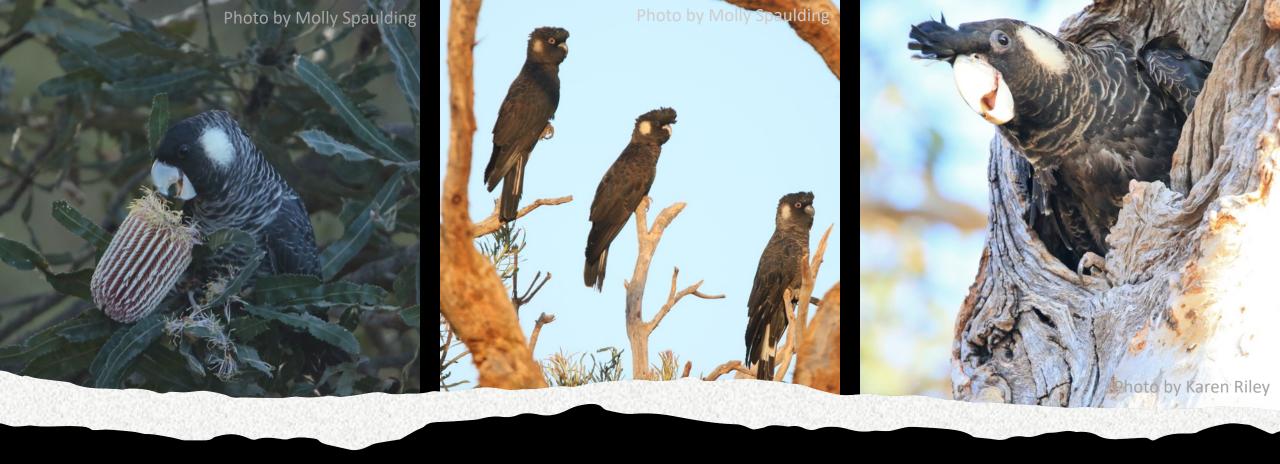












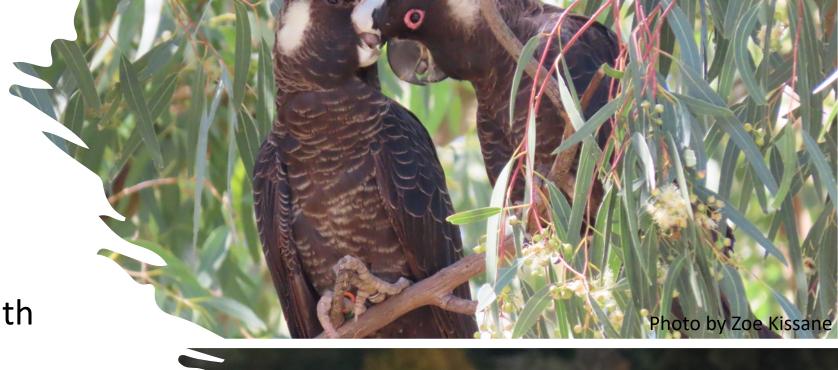
Carnaby's Cockatoo need different habitat at different times

- Breeding (nesting) habitat
- Foraging (finding food) habitat
- Roosting habitat

Breeding Habitat

Ngoolarks live in eucalypt woodlands with

tree hollows for breeding between July to December.

















Carnaby's Cockatoo Chicks

Baby Carnaby's Cockatoo are usually born in a **nest** in the hollow of a tree, and that is their **home** until they have 'fledged' and are ready for flight. Their mother and her mate fly with them and lead them to the coastal feeding grounds, and back to the breeding habitat the next year.















Non-breeding Habitat

Ngoolarks are seen **flying** through the **sky** to coastal areas from January to July.

There is more water to drink, and more nuts and seeds to eat in these areas so it is better for foraging.

















Now have a go at the worksheet & word search!

Ngoolarks Forever: Carnabys Cockatoo Cloze

endangered.

Missing words:

Complete the sentences to make the list of words hidden in the word search.

All animals need to survive. Habitat provides, water and
shelter. Some animals like the Carnabys Cockatoo need different habitat at
different times. The Noongar name for Carnabys Cockatoo is Ngoolark.
Ngoolarks live in eucalypt woodlands with hollows for breeding
between July to December, but are seen through the to coastal
areas between January and July because there is more to drink, and
more and to eat.
Baby Carnaby Cockatoos are usually born in a in the hollow of a tree,
and that is their until they have 'fledged' and are ready for
Their mother and her fly with them and them to the coastal
feeding grounds, and back to the breeding habitat the next year.
Unfortunately, because humans have cleared so much nesting and feeding
habitat sometimes a Carnaby Cockatoo family can return to an area to find
that their home is Loss of habitat is one of the reasons the Ngoolark is







S	М	G	A	F	V	L	Т
F	Α	О	Н	0	М	E	R
L	Т	N	Α	0	E	Α	E
Y	E	E	В	D	N	D	E
I	F	L	ı	G	Н	Т	G
N	E	S	Т	0	S	K	Υ
G	0	w	Α	Т	E	R	L
Α	N	U	Т	S	R	K	S

Once you h	ave found an	ıd coloured i	in all the wor	ds, write dow	n the <i>spare</i>	

letters and find the two hidden words

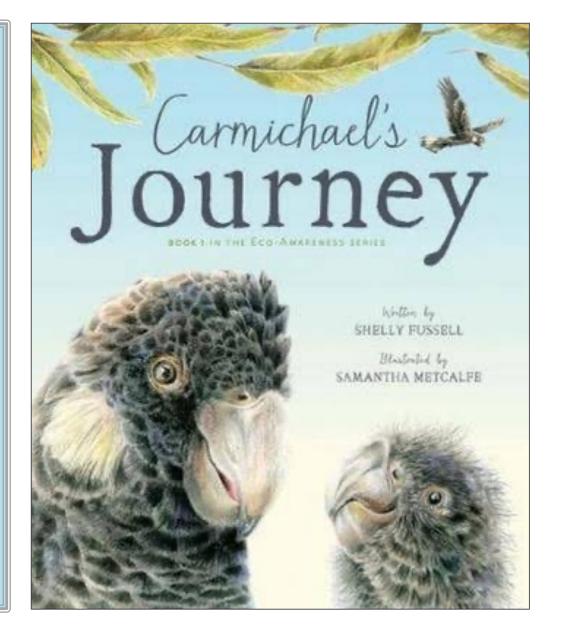
Hidden words: _____







Read together







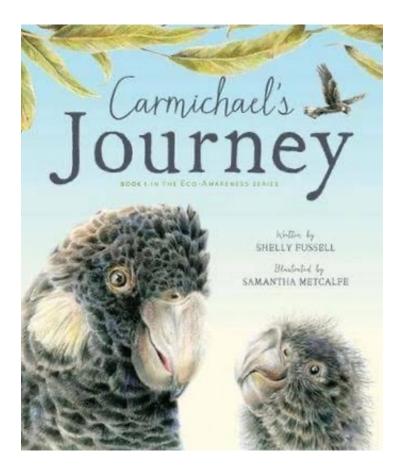








Comprehension



Answer the worksheet questions in full sentences.

Carmichael's Journey

Read the story 'Carmichael's Journey' by Shelley Fussell, and then answer the questions below using full sentences and punctuation.



When the Carnaby's Cockatoos flew to their usual coastal feeding grounds what did they discover?
·
What type of trees to Carnaby's Cockatoos like best?
What happened to Carmichael's father on the journey to find a new home?
Why won't Carmichael have any more brothers or sisters?
What special requirements do the Carnaby's Cockatoos need for their nesting?
What have humans done that has caused the Carnaby's Cockatoos to become endangered?
What can humans do to help protect Carnaby's Cockatoos like Carmichael?





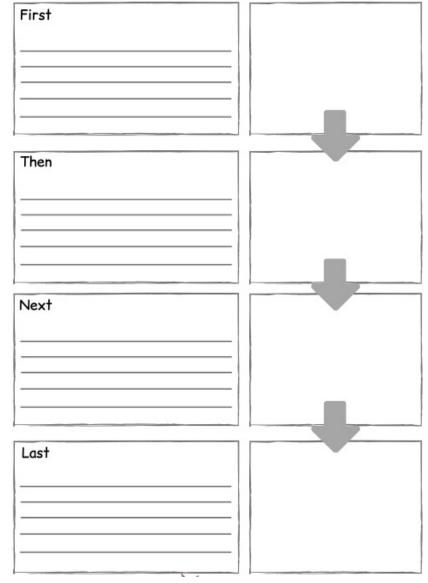




Test Your Memory

- Use the recount planner to re-tell the main parts of the story in your own words.
- Draw your own pictures in the boxes.

Carmichael's Journey Recount Planner











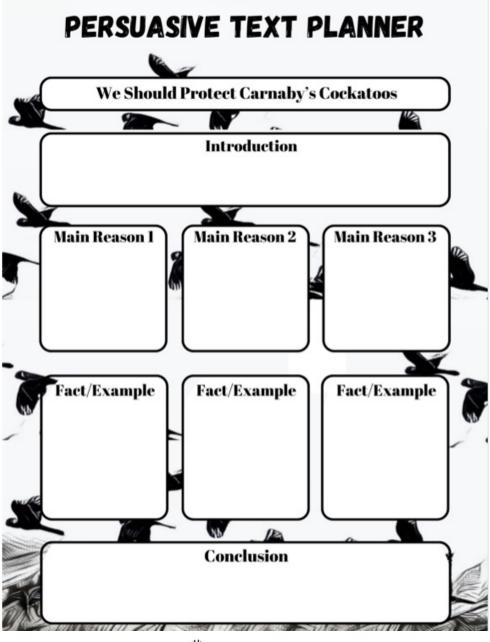




What is the message?

 What do you think the message from the story is?

 Write a persuasive text to convince someone that Carnaby's Cockatoos should be protected?















What can we do?

- Change 'net loss' of habitat to 'net gain', by planting more food trees and protecting what's left
- Plant black cockatoo food trees in your garden (e.g. banksia, hakea, macadamia)
- Get involved in council-run planting days to plant more food for black cockatoos
- Become a Citizen Scientist! join the Birdlife Australia annual "Great Cocky Count"
- Report injured black cockatoos to the rescue service at Kaarakin Black Cockatoo Conservation Centre or DBCA's wildlife helpline
- Learn more about black cockatoos
- Write to your council and Ministers and ask them to save Carnaby's Cockatoo by protecting their habitat

















Test your class knowledge with this Carnaby's Cockatoo Quiz

https://create.kahoot.it/share/carnaby-s-cockatooquiz/6c6a1cba-347a-4757-8bc5-2e008d6034fc























